



**POLICY ON CRITERIA FOR DETERMINING MATERIALITY OF EVENTS /
INFORMATION FOR
PARAMATRIX TECHNOLOGIES LIMITED**

Registered Office E-102, 1st Floor, Sanpada Railway Station Complex, Sanpada, Navi Mumbai - 400705, Maharashtra, India

(Amended with effect from November 13, 2025)

POLICY ON CRITERIA FOR DETERMINING MATERIALITY OF EVENTS/INFORMATION

1. PREFACE

Paramatrix Technologies Limited (*Formerly known as Paramatrix Technologies Private Limited*) (the “**Company**”) is committed to being open and transparent with all stakeholders and in disseminating information in a fair and timely manner. The Company is required to comply with the continuous disclosure obligations as mandated under Regulation 30 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015, as amended (the “**Listing Regulations**”) and circulars issued by Securities and Exchange Board of India from time to time, including circular bearing no. CIR/CFD/CMD/4/2015 dated September 9, 2015.

The Policy on Determination of Materiality of events or information that warrants disclosure to investors has been framed in compliance with the requirements of the Listing Regulations.

2. OBJECTIVE

The objectives of this Policy are as follows:

- a. To ensure that the Company complies with the disclosure obligations to which it is subject as a listed company as laid down by the Listing Regulations.
- b. To ensure that the information disclosed by the Company is timely and transparent.
- c. To ensure that corporate documents and public statements are accurate and do not contain any misrepresentation.
- d. To protect the confidentiality of material / price sensitive information within the context of the Company’s disclosure obligations.
- e. To provide a framework that supports and fosters confidence in the quality and integrity of information released by the Company.
- f. To ensure uniformity in the Company’s approach to disclosures, raise awareness and reduce the risk of selective disclosures.

3. DEFINITION

“Act” shall mean the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules framed thereunder, including any modifications, clarifications, circulars or re-enactment thereof.

“Board of Directors” or **“Board”** means the Board of Directors of Paramatrix Technologies Limited, as constituted from time to time.

“Key Managerial Personnel” means key managerial personnel as defined under Section 2(51) of the Act.

“Material Event” or **“Material Information”** shall mean such event or information as set out in the annexures to this policy or Schedule or as may be determined in terms of Clause 4 of this Policy. In the Policy, the words, “material” and “materiality” shall be construed accordingly.

“Policy” means this Policy on criteria for determining Materiality of events or information and as may be amended from time to time.

“Listing Regulations” means the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and

Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and the circulars issued thereunder, including any modifications, clarifications, circulars or re-enactment thereof.

"Schedule" means Schedule III of the Listing Regulations.

Any other term not defined herein shall have the same meaning as defined in the Act, the Listing Regulations, or any other applicable law or regulation to the extent applicable to the Company.

4. GUIDELINES FOR DETERMINING MATERIALITY OF EVENTS OR INFORMATION

Information should be regarded as "material" if there is a substantial likelihood that a reasonable investor would consider in deciding to buy, sell or hold a security or where the fact is likely to have a significant effect on the market price of the security. Either positive or negative information may be material. Materiality must be determined on a case to case basis depending on specific facts and circumstances relating to the information / event. The primary approach for determining materiality will be qualitative. The quantitative criteria given hereunder shall be used as a guide or reference for determining materiality and arriving at the overall decision on reportability of the event.

In addition to above the Company shall consider the following criteria for determination of materiality of events/ information:

- (a) the omission of an event or information, which is likely to result in discontinuity or alteration of event or information already available publicly; or
- (b) the omission of an event or information is likely to result in significant market reaction if the said omission came to light at a later date; or
- (c) the omission of an event or information, whose value or the expected impact in terms of value, exceeds the lower of the following:
 - (1) two percent of turnover, as per the last audited consolidated financial statements of the listed entity;
 - (2) two percent of net worth, as per the last audited consolidated financial statements of the listed entity, except in case the arithmetic value of the net worth is negative;
 - (3) five percent of the average of absolute value of profit or loss after tax, as per the last three audited consolidated financial statements of the listed entity.
- (d) In case where the criteria specified in sub-clauses (a), (b) and (c) is not applicable, an event or information may be treated as being material if in the opinion of the board of directors of the listed entity, the event or information is considered material.

Provided that any continuing event or information which becomes material pursuant to notification of these amendment regulations shall be disclosed by the listed entity within thirty days from the date of coming into effect of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) (Second Amendment) Regulations, 2023.

However, if the criteria above are not applicable but if in the opinion of BODs, the events or information if material, it may be disclosed.

Financial information is particularly sensitive. For example, non-public information about the results of the Company's operations for even a portion of a half year or the portion of the business might be material in helping an analyst predict the Company's financial results for the half year. Other examples of information that would normally be regarded as "material" include the following, although the list is not exhaustive:

- a) Financial results, financial condition, projections or forecasts;
- b) Known but unannounced future earnings or losses;
- c) Significant corporate events, such as a pending or proposed acquisition or joint venture;
- d) Plans to launch new products or features or significant product defects;
- e) Significant developments involving business relationships with customers, suppliers or other business partners;
- f) The status of the Company's progress toward achieving significant goals;
- g) Changes in auditor or auditor notification that the issuer may no longer rely on an audit report;
- h) Events regarding the Company's securities (such as repurchase plans, stock splits or changes in dividends, changes to the rights of security holders, public or private sales of additional securities or information related to any additional funding);
- i) Bankruptcies, receiverships or financial liquidity problems;
- j) Positive or negative developments in outstanding litigation, investigations or regulatory matters or
- k) Known but un-announced changes in the members of the senior management, Board of Directors or the Key managerial personnel.
- l) Events or information specified in Para A of Part A of Schedule III of the Listing Regulations are required to be disclosed irrespective of application of any quantitative or qualitative materiality thresholds as these are "deemed" to be material. The applicable events are given in Annexure-I and II.

5. TIMELINES FOR DISCLOSURE OF MATERIAL EVENTS/INFORMATION

- a) The disclosures in respect of events and information specified in sub-para 4 of Para A of Part A of Schedule III of Listing Regulations shall be made of the conclusion of the Board meeting in which the respective event or information is approved.
- b) The Company shall disclose material events or information to stock exchanges as per the following timeline:
 - a. Within 30 minutes from the Board Meeting in which decision taken;

Provided that in case the Board Meeting closes after normal trading hours of that day but more than three hours before the beginning of the normal trading hours of the next trading day, the listed entity shall disclose the decision pertaining to the event or information, within 3 hours from the closure of the board meeting.

Provided further that in case the meeting of the board of directors is being held for more than one day, the financial results shall be disclosed within 30 minutes or 3 hours, as applicable, from closure of such meeting for the day on which it has been considered.

- b. Within 12 hours, if the information is emanating from the Company; and
- c. Within 24 hours, if the information is not emanating from the Company.

Provided that if all the relevant information, in respect of claims which are made against the listed entity under any litigation or dispute, other than tax litigation or dispute, in terms of sub-paragraph 8 of paragraph B of Part A of Schedule III, is maintained in the structured digital database of the listed entity in terms of provisions of

the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015, the disclosure with respect to such claims shall be made to the stock exchange(s) within 72 hours of receipt of the notice by the listed entity.

c) All other events and information falling under Part A of Schedule III of Listing Regulations apart from those specified in (a) above shall be disclosed to the Stock Exchanges as soon as reasonably possible but not later than twenty-four hours from the occurrence of event or information. In case the disclosure is made after 24 hours of occurrence of the event or information, the Company shall provide explanation for the delay along with the disclosure.

d) Events listed in Schedule III, Part A, Para B to the Listing Regulations shall be disclosed based on application of the criteria listed below:

For the purpose of assessing whether a particular transaction or the amounts involved in that transaction are "material" the following information will also be considered, although the list is not exhaustive:

- i. 2% of turnover as per last audited consolidated financial statements;
- ii. 2% of net worth as per last audited consolidated financial statements (not applicable if in negative);
- iii. 5% of average net profit or loss after tax of last 3 consolidated financial statements.

In case the disclosure is made after the stipulated timeline, the Company shall provide an explanation for the delay along with the disclosure.

6. DISCLOSURE PROCESS

- a. Any event purported to be reportable under Regulation 30 of the Listing Regulations shall be informed to the Managing Director/ Chief Financial Officer / Company Secretary of the Company on an immediate basis with adequate supporting data / information to facilitate a prompt and appropriate disclosure. Any other event, even if not covered under the Listing Regulations but is potentially of price sensitive nature, must also be informed, for further evaluation to the Managing Director/ Chief Financial Officer / Company Secretary.
- b. The Managing Director / Chief Financial Officer / Company Secretary of the Company shall severally be responsible and authorized for ascertaining the materiality of events considering its nature and its disclosure after taking into consideration the various provisions of the Listing Regulations and this Policy.
- c. After evaluation, any one of the above mentioned persons shall submit disclosure to the stock exchanges.
- d. The Company shall use the electronic facilities provided by the Stock Exchanges for dissemination of the information and may subsequently disclose the same via other media, including the press release, website, etc.
- e. Statutory time frames for disclosure shall be adhered to. Delay, if any, should be sufficiently explained along with the disclosure.
- f. Regular updates, where relevant, shall be made with relevant explanations.

7. GUIDANCE ON TIMING OF AN EVENT OR INFORMATION

The Company may be confronted with the question as to when an event/information can be said to have occurred.

In certain instances, the answer to above question would depend upon the stage of discussion, negotiation or approval and in other instances where there is no such discussion, negotiation or approval required, viz. in case of natural calamities, disruptions, etc., the answer to the above question would depend upon the timing when the Company became aware of the event/information.

In the former, the events/information can be said to have occurred upon receipt of approval of Board of Directors.

However, considering the price sensitivity involved, for certain events, e.g. decision on declaration of dividends etc., disclosure shall be made on receipt of approval of the event by the Board of Directors, pending shareholders' approval.

In the latter, the events/information can be said to have occurred when the Company becomes aware of the events/information, or as soon as, an officer of the Company has, or ought to have reasonably come into possession of the information in the course of the performance of his duties.

8. AUTHORITY TO DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

The Board of Directors of the Company have severally authorized the Managing Director, Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary & Compliance Officer of the Company (the "Authorized Persons") to determine Materiality of any event or information and ensure timely disclosures of the same are made to stock exchange(s), subject to the provisions of this Policy. The Authorized Persons are also empowered to seek appropriate counsel or guidance, as and when necessary, from other internal or external stakeholders as they may deem fit.

Details of the authorized Key Managerial Personnel are as under:

Sr. No.	Name	Designation
1	Mr. Mukesh Keshubhai Thumar	Managing Director & CEO
2	Mr. Parimal Pragjibhai Patel	Chief Financial Officer
3	Ms. Shubhada Mahendra Shirke	Company Secretary

9. AMENDMENT

Any change in the Policy shall be approved by the Board of Directors of the Company (including its duly constituted committees wherever permissible). The Board of Directors shall have the right to withdraw and/or amend any part of this Policy or the entire Policy, at any time, as it deems fit, or from time to time, and the decision of the Board in this respect shall be final and binding. Any subsequent amendment/modification in the Companies Act, 2013 or the Rules framed thereunder or the Listing Regulations and/or any other laws in this regard shall automatically apply to this Policy.

This policy (including the thresholds) shall be reviewed by the Board of Directors at least once in three years and/or as and when required and updated accordingly.

10. SCOPE AND LIMITATION

In the event of any conflict between the provisions of this Policy and the Listing Regulations; or any other statutory enactments, rules, the provisions of such Listing Regulations / Act, or statutory enactments, rules shall prevail over this Policy and the part(s) so repugnant shall be deemed to be severed from the Policy and the rest of the Policy shall remain in force.

11. DISSEMINATION OF THE POLICY

The policy shall be hosted on the website of the Company i.e. www.paramatrix.com.

Note:

1. This Policy shall come into effect from December 27, 2023.

PARAMATRIX

ANNEXURE A

EVENTS WHICH SHALL BE DISCLOSED WITHOUT ANY APPLICATION OF THE GUIDELINES FOR MATERIALITY

1. Acquisition(s) (including agreement to acquire), Scheme of Arrangement (amalgamation/ merger/ demerger/restructuring), or sale or disposal of any unit(s), division(s), whole or substantially the whole of the undertaking(s) or subsidiary of the listed entity, sale of stake in associate company of the listed entity or any other restructuring.

Explanation (1) - For the purpose of this sub-para, the word 'acquisition' shall mean-

- (i) acquiring control, whether directly or indirectly; or,
- (ii) acquiring or agreeing to acquire shares or voting rights in, a company, whether directly or indirectly, such that -
 - (a) the listed entity holds shares or voting rights aggregating to twenty per cent or more of the shares or voting rights in the said company, or;
 - (b) there has been a change in holding from the last disclosure made under sub-clause (a) of clause (ii) of the Explanation to this sub-para and such change exceeds five per cent of the total shareholding or voting rights in the said company, or
 - (c) the cost of acquisition or the price at which the shares are acquired exceeds the threshold specified in sub-clause (c) of clause (i) of sub-regulation (4) of Regulation 30.

Provided that acquisition of shares or voting rights aggregating to five percent or more of the shares or voting rights in an unlisted company and any change in holding from the last disclosure made under this proviso exceeding two per cent of the total shareholding or voting rights in the said unlisted company shall be disclosed on a quarterly basis in the format as may be specified.

Explanation (2) - For the purpose of this sub-paragraph, "sale or disposal of subsidiary" and "sale of stake in associate company" shall include-

- (i) an agreement to sell or sale of shares or voting rights in a company such that the company ceases to be a wholly owned subsidiary, a subsidiary or an associate company of the listed entity; or
- (ii) an agreement to sell or sale of shares or voting rights in a subsidiary or associate company such that the amount of the sale exceeds the threshold specified in sub-clause (c) of clause (i) of sub-regulation (4) of regulation 30.

Explanation (3) - For the purpose of this sub-paragraph, "undertaking" and "substantially the whole of the undertaking" shall have the same meaning as given under section 180 of the Companies Act, 2013.

2. Issuance or forfeiture of securities, split or consolidation of shares, buyback of securities, any restriction on transferability of securities or alteration in terms or structure of existing securities including forfeiture, reissue of forfeited securities, alteration of calls, redemption of securities etc.

3. New Rating(s) or Revision in Rating(s).

Explanation: The above requirement to disclose rating shall also be applicable to the following:

- a) Revision in rating even if it was not requested for by the listed entity or the request was later withdrawn by the listed entity.
- b) Revision in rating outlook even without revision in rating score.
- c) ESG ratings by registered ESG Rating Providers

4. Outcome of Meetings of the board of directors: The listed entity shall disclose to the Exchange(s), the outcome of the meetings of the board of directors, held to consider the following:
 - a) dividends recommended or declared or the decision to pass anydividend and the date on which dividend shall be paid/dispatched;
 - b) any cancellation of dividend with reasons thereof;
 - c) the decision on buyback of securities;
 - d) the decision with respect to fund raising proposed to be undertaken including by way of issue of securities (excluding security receipts, securitized debt instruments or money market instruments regulated by the Reserve Bank of India), through further public offer, rights issue, American Depository Receipts/ Global Depository Receipts/ Foreign Currency Convertible Bonds, qualified institutions placement, debt issue, preferential issue or any other method;
 - e) increase in capital by issue of bonus shares through capitalization including the date on which such bonus shares shall be credited/dispatched;
 - f) reissue of forfeited shares or securities, or the issue of shares or securities held in reservefor future issue or the creation in any form or manner of new shares or securities or any other rights, privileges or benefits to subscribe to;
 - g) short particulars of any other alterations of capital, including calls;
 - h) financial results;
 - i) decision on voluntary delisting by the listed entity from stock exchange(s).
5. Agreements (viz. shareholder agreement(s), joint venture agreement(s), family settlement agreement(s) (to the extent that it impacts management and control of the listed entity), agreement(s)/treaty(ies)/contract(s) with media companies) which are binding and not in normal course of business, revision(s) or amendment(s) and termination(s) thereof.
- 5A. Agreements entered into by the shareholders, promoters, promoter group entities, related parties, directors, key managerial personnel, employees of the listed entity or of its holding, subsidiary or associate company, among themselves or with the listed entity or with a third party, solely or jointly, which, either directly or indirectly or potentially or whose purpose and effect is to, impact the management or control of the listed entity or impose any restriction or create any liability upon the listed entity, shall be disclosed to the Stock Exchanges, including disclosure of any rescission, amendment or alteration of such agreements thereto, whether ornot the listed entity is a party to such agreements:

Provided that such agreements entered into by a listed entity in the normal course of businessshall not be required to be disclosed unless they, either directly or indirectly or potentially or whose purpose and effect is to, impact the management or control of the listed entity or they are required to be disclosed in terms of any other provisions of these regulations.

Explanation (1): For the purpose of this clause, the term “directly or indirectly” includes agreements creating obligation on the parties to such agreements to ensure that listed entity shall or shall not act in a particular manner.
6. Fraud/defaults by a listed entity, its promoter, director, key managerial personnel, senior management or subsidiary subsidiary or arrest of key managerial personnel, senior management, promoter or director of the listed entity, whether occurred within India or abroad:

For the purpose of this sub-paragraph:

- (i) 'Fraud' shall include fraud as defined under Regulation 2(1)(c) of Securities and ExchangeBoard of India (Prohibition of Fraudulent and Unfair Trade Practices relating to SecuritiesMarket) Regulations, 2003.

(ii) 'Default' shall mean non-payment of the interest or principal amount in full on the date when the debt has become due and payable.

Explanation 1- In case of revolving facilities like cash credit, an entity would be considered to be in 'default' if the outstanding balance remains continuously in excess of the sanctioned limit or drawing power, whichever is lower, for more than thirty days.

Explanation 2- Default by a promoter, director, key managerial personnel, senior management, subsidiary shall mean default which has or may have an impact on the listed entity.

Explanation 3 – Fraud by senior management, other than who is promoter, director or key managerial personnel, shall be required to be disclosed only if it is in relation to the listed entity.

7. Change in directors, key managerial personnel (Managing Director, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary etc.), Senior Management, Auditor and Compliance Officer.
- 7A. In case of resignation of the auditor of the listed entity, detailed reasons for resignation of auditor, as given by the said auditor, shall be disclosed by the listed entities to the stock exchanges as soon as possible but not later than twenty-four hours of receipt of such reasons from the auditor.
- 7B. Resignation of independent Director including reasons for resignation: In case of resignation of an independent director of the listed entity, within seven days from the date of resignation, the following disclosures shall be made to the stock exchanges by the listed entities:
 - i. The letter of resignation along with Detailed reasons for the resignation as given by the said director.
 - ia. Names of listed entities in which the resigning director holds directorships, indicating the category of directorship and membership of board committees, if any
 - ii. The independent director shall, along with the detailed reasons, also provide a confirmation that there is no other material reasons other than those provided.
 - iii. The confirmation as provided by the independent director above shall also be disclosed by the listed entities to the stock exchanges along with the disclosures as specified in sub- clause above.
- 7C. In case of resignation of key managerial personnel, senior management, Compliance Officer or director other than an independent director; the letter of resignation along with detailed reasons for the resignation as given by the key managerial personnel, senior management, Compliance Officer or director shall be disclosed to the stock exchanges by the listed entities within seven days from the date that such resignation comes into effect.
- 7D. In case the Managing Director or Chief Executive Officer of the listed entity was indisposed or unavailable to fulfil the requirements of the role in a regular manner for more than forty-five days in any rolling period of ninety days, the same along with the reasons for such indisposition or unavailability, shall be disclosed to the stock exchange(s).
8. Appointment or discontinuation of share transfer agent.
9. Resolution plan/Restructuring in relation to loans/borrowings from banks/financial institutions including the following details:

- (i) Decision to initiate resolution of loans/borrowings;
- (ii) Signing of Inter-Creditors Agreement (ICA) by lenders;
- (iii) Finalization of Resolution Plan;
- (iv) Implementation of Resolution Plan;
- (v) Salient features, not involving commercial secrets, of the resolution/ restructuring
- (vi) Plan as decided by lenders.

10. One time settlement with a bank.

11. Winding-up petition filed by any party / creditors.

12. Issuance of Notices, call letters, resolutions and circulars sent to shareholders, debenture holders or creditors or any class of them or advertised in the media by the listed entity.

13. Proceedings of Annual and extraordinary general meetings of the listed entity.

14. Amendments to memorandum and articles of association of listed entity, in brief.

15. (a) (i) Schedule of Analyst or institutional investor meet. [at least two working days in advance (excluding the date of the intimation and the date of the meet)
(ii) Presentations prepared by the listed entity for analysts or institutional investors meet, post earnings or quarterly calls shall be disclosed to the recognized stock exchanges prior to beginning of such events.

Explanation I: For the purpose of this clause 'meet' shall mean group meetings or group conference calls conducted physically or through digital means.

Explanation II: Disclosure of names in the schedule of analysts or institutional investors meet shall be optional for the listed entity.

(b) Audio or video recordings, if any, and transcripts of post earnings/quarterly calls, by whatever namecalled, conducted physically or through digital means, in the following manner:

- (i) The audio recordings shall be promptly made available on the website and in any case, before the next trading day or within twenty-four hours from the conclusion of such calls, whichever is earlier;
- (ii) the video recordings, if any, shall be made available on the website within forty-eight hours from the conclusion of such calls;
- (iii) the transcripts of such calls shall be made available on the website along with simultaneous submission to recognized stock exchanges within five working days of the conclusion of such calls.

16. The following events in relation to the corporate insolvency resolution process (CIRP) of a listed corporate debtor under the Insolvency Code:

- a) Filing of application by the corporate applicant for initiation of CIRP, also specifying the amount of default;
- b) Filing of application by financial creditors for initiation of CIRP against the corporate debtor, also specifying the amount of default;
- c) Admission of application by the Tribunal, along with amount of default or rejection or withdrawal, as applicable ;
- d) Public announcement made pursuant to order passed by the Tribunal under section 13 of Insolvency Code;

- e) List of creditors as required to be displayed by the corporate debtor under regulation 13(2)(c) of the IBBI (Insolvency Resolution Process for Corporate Persons) Regulations, 2016;
- f) Appointment/ Replacement of the Resolution Professional;
- g) Prior or post-facto intimation of the meetings of Committee of Creditors;
- h) Brief particulars of invitation of resolution plans under section 25(2)(h) of Insolvency Code in the Form specified under regulation 36A(5) of the IBBI (Insolvency Resolution Process for Corporate Persons) Regulations, 2016;
- i) Number of resolution plans received by Resolution Professional;
- j) Filing of resolution plan with the Tribunal;
- k) Approval of resolution plan by the Tribunal or rejection, if applicable;
- l) Specific features and details of the resolution plan as approved by the Adjudicating Authority under the Insolvency Code, not involving commercial secrets, including details such as:
 - (i) Pre and Post net- worth of the company;
 - (ii) Details of assets of the company post CIRP;
 - (iii) Details of securities continuing to be imposed on the companies' assets;
 - (iv) Other material liabilities imposed on the company;
 - (v) Detailed pre and post shareholding pattern assuming 100% Conversion of convertible securities;
 - (vi) Details of funds infused in the company, creditors paid-off;
 - (vii) Additional liability on the incoming investors due to the transaction, source of such funding etc.;
 - (viii) Impact on the investor –revised P/E, RONW ratios etc.;
 - (ix) Names of the new promoters, [key managerial personnel], if any and their past experience in the business or employment. In case where promoter are companies, history of such company and names of natural persons in control;
 - (x) Brief description of business strategy.]
- m) Any other material information not involving commercial secrets.}
- n) Proposed steps to be taken by the incoming investor/acquirer for achieving the MPS;
- o) Quarterly disclosure of the status of achieving the MPS;
- p) The details as to the delisting plans, if any approved in the resolution plan.

17. Initiation of Forensic audit: In case of initiation of forensic audit (by whatever name called), the following disclosures shall be made to the stock exchanges by listed entities:

- a) The fact of initiation of forensic audit alongwith name of entity initiating the audit and reasons for the same, if available;
- b) Final forensic audit report (other than for forensic audit initiated by regulatory / enforcement agencies) on receipt by the listed entity along with comments of the management, if any.

Explanation – For the purpose of this sub-paragraph, forensic audit refers to the audits, by whatever name called, which are initiated with the objective of detecting any mis-statement in financial statements, mis-appropriation, siphoning or diversion of funds and does not include audit of matters such as product quality control practices, manufacturing practices, recruitment practices, supply chain process including procurement or other similar matters that would not require any revision to the financial statements disclosed by the listed entity.

18. Announcement or communication through social media intermediaries or mainstream media by directors, promoters, key managerial personnel or senior management of a listed entity, in relation to any event or information which is material for the listed entity in terms of regulation 30 of these regulations and is not already made available in the public domain

by the listed entity.

Explanation – “social media intermediaries” shall have the same meaning as defined under the Information Technology (Intermediary Guidelines and Digital Media Ethics Code) Rules, 2021.

19. Action(s) initiated or orders passed by any regulatory, statutory, enforcement authority or judicial body against the listed entity or its directors, key managerial personnel, senior management, promoter or subsidiary, in relation to the listed entity, in respect of the following:
 - (a) search or seizure; or
 - (b) re-opening of accounts under section 130 of the Companies Act, 2013; or
 - (c) investigation under the provisions of Chapter XIV of the Companies Act, 2013; along with the following details pertaining to the actions(s) initiated, taken or orders passed:
 - i. name of the authority;
 - ii. nature and details of the action(s) taken, initiated or order(s) passed;
 - iii. date of receipt of direction or order, including any ad-interim or interim orders, or any other communication from the authority;
 - iv. details of the violation(s)/contravention(s) committed or alleged to be committed;
 - v. impact on financial, operation or other activities of the listed entity, quantifiable in monetary terms to the extent possible.
20. Action(s) taken or orders passed by any regulatory, statutory, enforcement authority or judicial body against the listed entity or its directors, key managerial personnel, senior management, promoter or subsidiary, in relation to the listed entity, in respect of the following:
 - (a) suspension;
 - (b) imposition of fine or penalty;
 - (c) settlement of proceedings;
 - (d) debarment;
 - (e) disqualification;
 - (f) closure of operations;
 - (g) sanctions imposed;
 - (h) warning or caution; or
 - (i) any other similar action(s) by whatever name called;along with the following details pertaining to the actions(s) taken or orders passed:
 - i. name of the authority;
 - ii. nature and details of the action(s) taken, or order(s) passed;
 - iii. date of receipt of direction or order, including any ad-interim or interim orders, or any other communication from the authority;
 - iv. details of the violation(s)/contravention(s) committed or alleged to be committed; impact on financial, operation or other activities of the listed entity, quantifiable in monetary terms to the extent possible.
 - v. impact on financial, operation or other activities of the listed entity, quantifiable in monetary terms to the extent possible.

Explanation – Imposition of fine or penalty shall be disclosed in the following manner along with the details pertaining to the action(s) taken or orders passed as mentioned in the subparagraph:

- i. disclosure of fine or penalty of rupees one lakh or more imposed by sectoral regulator or enforcement agency and fine or penalty of rupees ten lakhs or more imposed by other authority or judicial body shall be disclosed within twenty four hours.
- ii. disclosure of fine or penalty imposed which are lower than the monetary thresholds specified in the clause (i) above on a quarterly basis in the format as may be specified.

21. Voluntary revision of financial statements or the report of the board of directors of the listedentity under section 131 of the Companies Act, 2013.

PARAMATRIX

ANNEXURE B

ILLUSTRATIVE LIST OF EVENTS WHICH SHALL BE DISCLOSED UPON APPLICATION OF THE GUIDELINES FOR MATERIALITY

Following is the list of events / information to be disclosed to the stock exchange(s) based on Materiality guidelines and as per industry standard note duly issued on February 25, 2025:

S. No.	Para B Events	Comparable with individual threshold limit (Numerator to Denominator)
1	Commencement or any postponement in the date of commencement of commercial production or commercial operations of any unit/division	<p>Lower of the below:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Expected impact on turnover to 2% of consolidated turnover; or b. Expected impact on profit/ loss to 5% of average PAT
2	Any of the following events pertaining to the listed entity:	
	(a) arrangements for strategic, technical, manufacturing, or marketing tie-up; or	<p>Lower of the below:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Capital invested or to be invested for such tie-up to 2% of consolidated net worth; or b. Expected impact on turnover to 2% of consolidated turnover; or c. Expected impact on profit/ loss to 5% of average PAT
	(b) adoption of new line(s) of business; or	<p>Lower of the below:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Capital invested or to be invested for new line of business to 2% of consolidated net worth; or b. Expected impact on turnover to 2% of consolidated turnover; or c. Expected impact on profit/ loss to 5% of average PAT
	(c) closure of operations of any unit, division or subsidiary (in entirety or in piecemeal)	<p>Lower of the below:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Expected impact on turnover to 2% of consolidated turnover; or b. Expected impact on profit/ loss to 5% of average PAT
3	Capacity addition or product launch.	<p>Capacity addition:</p> <p>Lower of the below:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Capital invested or to be invested to 2% of consolidated net worth; or b. Expected impact on turnover to 2% of consolidated turnover; or c. Expected impact on profit/ loss to 5% of average PAT

		<p>Product launch:</p> <p>Lower of the below:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Capital invested or to be invested for product launch to 2% of consolidated net worth; or Expected impact on turnover to 2% of consolidated turnover; or Expected impact on profit/ loss to 5% of average PAT
4	Awarding, bagging/ receiving, amendment or termination of awarded/bagged orders/contracts not in the normal course of business	<p>Lower of the below:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Expected capital expenditure to 2% of consolidated net worth; or Expected impact on turnover to 2% of consolidated turnover; or Expected impact on profit/ loss to 5% of average PAT
5	Agreements (viz. loan agreement(s) or any other agreement(s) which are binding and not in normal course of business) and revision(s) or amendment(s) or termination(s) thereof	<p>Lower of the below, as may be applicable:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Expected impact on balance sheet (increase in liability in terms of amount of loan) to 2% of consolidated net worth; or Expected impact on turnover to 2% of consolidated turnover; or Expected impact on profit/ loss to 5% of average PAT
6	Disruption of operations of any one or more units or division of the listed entity due to natural calamity (earthquake, flood, fire etc.), force majeure or events such as strikes, lockouts, etc.	<p>Lower of the below:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Expected impact on turnover to 2% of consolidated turnover; or Expected impact on profit/ loss to 5% of average PAT
7	Effect(s) arising out of change in the regulatory framework applicable to the listed entity.	<p>Lower of the below:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Expected impact on turnover to 2% of consolidated turnover; or Expected impact on profit/ loss to 5% of average PAT
8	Pendency of any litigation(s) or dispute(s) or the outcome thereof which may have an impact on the listed entity	<p>Lower of the below:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Expected impact on turnover to 2% of consolidated turnover; or Expected impact on profit/ loss to 5% of average PAT
9	Frauds or defaults by employees of the listed entity which has or may have an impact on the listed entity	<p>Lower of the below:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Expected impact on turnover to 2% of consolidated turnover; or

		b. Expected impact on profit/ loss to 5% of average PAT
10	Options to purchase securities including any ESOP/ESPS Scheme	Lower of the below: a. Expected increase in capital to 2% of consolidated net worth; or b. Expected impact on profit/ loss to 5% of average PAT
11	Giving of guarantees or indemnity or becoming a surety, by whatever named called, for any third party	Lower of the below: a. Expected impact on balance sheet (increase in liability in terms of amount of guarantee, indemnity, surety, etc.) to 2% of consolidated net worth; or b. Expected impact on profit/ loss in case the guarantee / indemnity / surety is invoked to 5% of average PAT
	Granting, withdrawal, surrender, cancellation or suspension of key licenses or regulatory approvals.	Lower of the below: a. Expected impact on turnover to 2% of consolidated turnover; or b. Expected impact on profit/ loss to 5% of average PAT
13	Delay or default in the payment of fines, penalties, dues, etc. to any regulatory, statutory, enforcement or judicial authority	Threshold to be linked with Para A(20) - imposition of penalty.

Notes:

1. The above comparison of numerator to denominator for each event shall be applied basis on the assessment available with the Company, whether internal or external including any press release, transaction documents, insurance, board presentation, management review, etc., for determining such expected impact on turnover, capital expenditure, profits, etc. Refer Para 2.1 of the Note for explanation on computing "expected impact in terms of value".
2. Consolidated turnover, net worth and profit/loss shall be as per the last audited consolidated financial statements of the listed entity and the average PAT shall be average of absolute value of profit or loss after tax, as per the last three audited consolidated financial statements of the listed entity.

Any other information/event viz. major development that is likely to affect business, e.g. emergence of new technologies, expiry of patents, any change of accounting policy that may have a significant impact on the accounts, etc. and brief details thereof and any other information which is exclusively known to the listed entity which may be necessary to enable the holders of securities of the listed entity to appraise its position and to avoid the establishment of a false market in such securities.

Without prejudice to the generality mentioned above, the Company may make disclosures of event/information as specified by the Board from time to time.